

[B19 HS 1101]
SAGI RAMA KRISHNAM RAJU ENGINEERING COLLEGE(A)
I B. Tech I Semester (R19) Regular Examinations
ENGLISH
(Common to CE,CSE,EEE,IT & MECH)
MODEL QUESTION PAPER

TIME: 3Hrs.

Max. Marks: 75 M

Answer **ONE Question** from **EACH UNIT**.

All questions carry equal marks.

			CO	KL	M
UNIT-I					
1.	a).	Write an essay on “A Drawer full of happiness”.	2	K2	8
	b).	Develop the following hints into meaningful paragraphs (200 words) and provide a suitable title. Life- full of challenges - man accept realities - he to know - weaknesses and strongholds - ignorance of one's weaknesses take him nowhere - knowing and acknowledging this before making use of strongholds or virtues he must get rid of weaknesses - otherwise his voyage be stumbled - he plug the holes lest he be drowned.	4	K3	7
OR					
2.	a).	Write an essay on any ONE of the following. i) Pros and cons of Social Networking Sites ii) The essence of education	4	K4	8
	b).	Write suitable verb forms for the following. i) He _____ (work) in the college when his brother studied his engineering. ii) He _____ (finish) his task before his friend visited him. iii) As soon as he _____ (get) the telegram, at once he started. iv) It is high time she _____ (do) her project.. v) The book _____ (comprise) five chapters. vi) The photo of my grandfather _____ (hang) on the wall. vii) Neither team _____ (score) any goal.	5	K1	7
UNIT-II					
3.	a).	Write an essay on the relevance of Nehru’s letter to Indira to the present context.	2	K2	8
	b).	Fill in the blanks with appropriate articles/ prepositions. i) Role-play is a good way _____ creating real life situations. ii) He is popular _____ his contemporaries. iii) I hope it is _____ holiday resort. iv) As _____ matter of fact, I have _____ interview tomorrow. v) Finally, a word _____ what our countrymen can do to the nation. vi) A nation is a complex society _____ corresponding variations in culture.	5	K1	7
OR					

4.	a).	Write a precis for the following passage. Most of us use the products of science – railways, aeroplanes, electricity, wireless and thousands of others – without thinking how they came into existence. We take them for granted, as if we were entitled to them as a matter of right. We are very proud of the fact that we live in an advanced age and are ourselves very advanced. Now, there is no doubt that our age is very different from previous ages and I think it is perfectly correct to say that is far more advanced. But it is a different thing from saying that we, as individuals or groups, are more advanced. It would be the height of absurdity to say that because an engine driver can run an engine and Plato or Socrates could not, the engine driver is more advanced than, or is superior to, Plato or Socrates. But it would be perfectly correct to say that the engine itself is a more advanced method of locomotion than Plato’s chariot was.	4	K6	8
	b).	Write antonyms and sentences for any SEVEN of the following words. i) procreate ii) hectic iii) reckon iv) beguile v) opulent vi) suffuse vii) astute viii) mandatory	5	K2	7
UNIT-III					
5.	a).	Write an essay on “Stephen Hawking – Positivity ‘Benchmark’.	2	K2	8
	b).	Write a letter to the educational consultancy asking about the information regarding the post-graduation and research programmes in foreign universities.	4	K3	7
OR					
6.	a).	Write a resume and the covering letter for the post of a software engineer.	4	K3	8
	b).	Write an E-mail to the manufacturer complaining about the computer that you bought recently.	4	K3	7
UNIT-IV					
7.	a).	What does the author speak about “Liking a Tree, Unbowed”?	2	K2	8
	b).	Give the meaning and write sentences of any SEVEN of the following foreign phrases. i) ab initio ii) a la mode iii) sieta iv) amour proper v) ad hoc vi) Alma Mater vii) alter ego viii) bonafide	5	K2	7
OR					
8.	a).	Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow: Liquids are practically incompressible. Unlike gases but like solids, a liquid does not change much in volume when the pressure on it is changed, even when the pressures of thousands of atmospheres are involved. The kinetic theory accounts for this saying that the amount of free space between the molecules of a liquid has been reduced	2	K2	8

		<p>almost to a minimum. Any attempt to compress the liquid meets with resistance as the electron cloud of one molecule repels the electron cloud of the adjacent molecule.</p> <p>Liquids diffuse slowly, but in gases it is more rapid. It occurs because molecules have kinetic energy and move from one place to another. In a liquid, molecules do not move very far before they collide with neighboring molecules.</p> <p>i) What is the nature of the liquids? ii) What does kinetic theory say about the incompressible nature of liquids? iii) What are the different kinds of matter? iv) Give the meaning for 'diffusion'? v) Why diffusion is more rapid in gases? vi) Give the antonym for 'kinetic'? vii) Mention a suitable title.</p>			
	b).	Write a pamphlet on book exhibition.	4	K6	7
UNIT-V					
9.	a).	What message does the author communicate to the readers through the lesson "Stay Hungry-Stay Foolish".	2	K2	8
	b).	<p>Correct and Re-write any SEVEN of the following Sentences.</p> <p>i) One must use his best efforts if he wishes to succeed. ii) Since he came, we are happy. iii) I could hardly believe in my eyes. iv) Suppose, if you arrive late, you will miss the show. v) Neither Jack is intelligent nor hardworking. vi) Hardly the sun had risen when we set out. vii) It is high time she improves her behavior. viii) She gave me many informations.</p>	5	K2	7
OR					
10.	a).	Write a report to the editor about the problem of brain drain in India	4	K3	8
	b).	<p>Fill in the blanks with the appropriate choices.</p> <p>i) The film Titanic was promoted with all the usual _____ a) hyperbole b) dialect c) taboo d) aesthetic ii) The schedule of a few planes was _____ due to heavy smog. a) prohibited b) abated c) impeded d) bolstered iii) Einstein had never bothered by the flood of _____ from his fellow critics. a) recantation b) castigation c) vituperation d) skepticism iv) The field had been _____ by heavy downpour last night. a) tirade b) fluctuated c) mixed d) saturated v) Modi is good at giving _____ speeches.</p>	5	K4	7

	<p>a) extempore b) prepared c) epilogue d) long</p> <p>vi) The manuscript was reproduced in _____ .</p> <p>a) facsimile b) archives c) cache d) vacillation</p> <p>vii) Examine the report carefully before you _____ it publicly in front of the press and media.</p> <p>a) rescind b) repudiate c) revere d) redress</p>			
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[B19 BS 1101]
SAGI RAMA KRISHNAM RAJU ENGINEERING COLLEGE (A)
I B. Tech I Semester (R19) Regular Examinations
MATHEMATICS – I
(Common to All Branches)
MODEL QUESTION PAPER

TIME: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 75 M

Answer **ONE Question** from **EACH UNIT**
 All questions carry equal marks

	UNIT-I	CO	KL	M
1.a)	Solve the system of equations $20x + y - 2z = 17$, $3x + 20y - z = -18$, $2x - 3y + 20z = 25$ by Gauss –Siedel method.	CO1	K2	8
b)	Investigate the values of λ and μ so that the equations $2x + 3y + 5z = 9$; $7x + 3y - 2z = 8$; $2x + 3y + \lambda z = \mu$; has (i)no solution (ii) unique solution (iii) infinite number of solutions	CO1	K3	7
(OR)				
2. a)	Solve the system of equations $10x + y+z =12$, $2x+10y+z =13$, $2x+2y+10z =14$ by Gauss- elimination method.	CO1	K2	8
b)	Define rank and find the rank of the matrix A by reducing it in to its normal form where $A \text{ is: } A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 & -4 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 6 & 3 & 0 & -7 \end{bmatrix}.$	CO1	K1	7
UNIT-II				
3.a)	Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem and find the inverse of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$	CO2	K3	8
b)	Reduce the quadratic form $2x^2 + 2y^2 + 2z^2 - 2xy - 2yz - 2zx$ to canonical form by orthogonal transformation	CO2	K3	7
(OR)				
4. a)	Find the eigenvalues and the corresponding eigen vectors of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -6 & 2 \\ -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 2 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}.$	CO2	K3	8
b)	If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$, use Cayley-Hamilton theorem to find the value of $2A^5 - 3A^4 + A^2 - 4I$. Also find the inverse of A.	CO2	K3	7

UNIT-III				
5.a)	Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} + (\tan x)y = (\sec x)y^3$.	CO3	K2	8
b)	Find the orthogonal trajectories of the family of parabolas $ay^2 = x^3$.	CO3	K3	7
(OR)				
6. a)	Solve $(y^4 + 2y)dx + (xy^3 + 2y^4 - 4x)dy = 0$.	CO4	K2	8
b)	A body originally at 80°C cools down to 60°C in 20 minutes, the temperature of air being 40°C . What will be the temperature of the body after 40 minutes from the original?	CO4	K3	7
UNIT-IV				
7.a)	Solve $(D^3 - D)y = 2x + 1 + 4 \cos x$.	CO5	K2	8
b)	Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = e^x \log x$ by the method of variation of parameters.	CO5	K2	7
(OR)				
8. a)	Solve $(D^2 + 3D + 2)y = e^{e^x}$.	CO5	K2	8
b)	Solve the differential equation $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = \log x$	CO5	K2	7
UNIT-V				
9.a)	Find $L\{t \cos at\}$ and $L\left\{\int_0^t e^{-t} \cos t dt\right\}$.	CO6	K2	8
b)	Using convolution theorem evaluate $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{(s+a)(s+b)}\right\}$.	CO6	K3	7
(OR)				
10.a)	Find $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{5s+3}{(s-1)(s^2+2s+5)}\right\}$.	CO6	K2	8
b)	Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 4\frac{dy}{dt} + 3y = e^{-t}$, $y(0) = y'(0) = 1$ by using Laplace transforms	CO6	K3	7

[B19 BS 1104]
SAGI RAMA KRISHNAM RAJU ENGINEERING COLLEGE (A)
I B. Tech I Semester (R19) Regular Examinations
APPLIED PHYSICS
(Electrical & Electronics Engineering)
MODEL QUESTION PAPER

TIME: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 75 M

Answer **ONE Question** from **EACH UNIT**
 All questions carry equal marks

			CO	KL	M
UNIT - I					
1.	a).	Explain the principle of Superposition and discuss the conditions for maxima and minima of intensity.	1	2	8
	b).	How the Newton's Rings are formed and deduce an expression for the wave length of light used.	1	2	7
OR					
2.	a).	Distinguish the different diffractions of light.	1	2	5
	b).	Give qualitative and quantitative analysis of Fraunhofer diffraction at a single slit	1	3	10
UNIT - II					
3.	a).	Define polarization and explain the different types of polarization possible in a dielectric	2	2	7
	b).	Deduce the Clausius Mosotti & equation and its significance in dielectrics.	2	3	8
OR					
4.	a).	Define Magnetic susceptibility and give a classification of magnetic materials.	2	1	5
	b).	Describe the Hysteresis exhibited by Ferromagnetic materials and explain its using a Suitable theory CO2-K3(10M)	2	3	10
UNIT - III					
5.	a).	Give the selection procedure of the active medium of laser device.	4	2	7
	b).	With suitable diagrams, discuss the working principle, design and working of He – Ne laser system	4	2	8
OR					
6.	a).	What is the significance of Numerical Aperture of an optical fiber and obtain an expression for it.	4	2	8
	b).	Discuss the sensor applications of optical fiber.	4	3	7
UNIT - IV					
7.	a).	What is an intrinsic semiconductor and obtain an expression for the density of carriers.	3	2	9
	b).	Distinguish between direct and indirect band gap semiconductors and mention their applications.	3	3	6
OR					
8.	a).	Discuss the Hall Effect in detail and explain its significance.	3	3	9
	b).	Distinguish between drift and diffusion current in semiconductors.	3	2	6

		UNIT - V			
9.	a).	Explaining Magnetostriction effect, describe how the ultrasonics can be produced.	4	3	9
	b).	Mention the application of ultrasonics.	4	1	6
		OR			
10.	a).	How the nano materials can be produced by sol – gel method.	5	2	7
	b).	Write about Carbon Nanotubes	5	2	4
	C).	Discuss some important applications of nanomaterials.	5	1	4

[B19ME1101]
SAGI RAMA KRISHNAM RAJU ENGINEERING COLLEGE (A)
I B. Tech I Semester (R19) Regular Examinations
ENGINEERING DRAWING
(Common to CE,EEE & ME)
Department of Mechanical Engineering
MODEL QUESTION PAPER

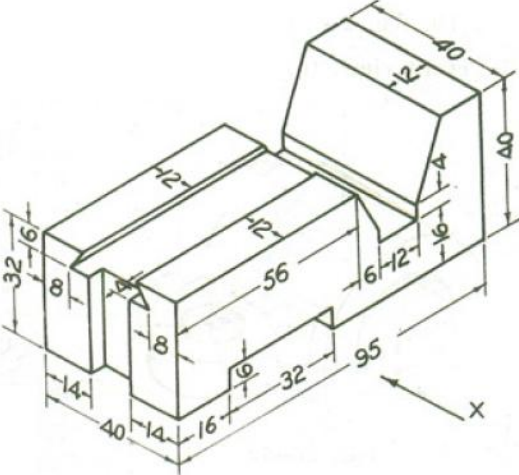
TIME: 3Hrs.

Max. Marks: 75 M

Answer **ONE Question** from **EACH UNIT**.

All questions carry equal marks.

			CO	KL	M
		UNIT-I			
1.		An inelastic string 145 mm long has its one end attached to the circumference of a circular disc of 40 mm diameter. Draw the curve traced out by the other end of the string, when it is completely wound around the disc, keeping the string always tight.	1	K3	15
		OR			
2.		Two fixed points A and B are 100mm apart, Trace the complete path of a point P moving (in the same plane as that of A and B) in such a way that the sum of its distance from A and B is always the same and equal to 125mm. Name the curve and draw another curve parallel to and 25mm away from this curve.	1	K3	15
		UNIT-II			
3.	a).	Draw the projections of the following points on the same ground line, keeping the projectors 25mm apart. (i) Point A in the HP and lying 20mm behind the VP; (ii) Point B is 40mm above the HP and 25mm in front of the VP; (iii) Point C is 25mm below the HP and 25mm behind the VP; (iv) Point D is 15mm above the HP and 50mm behind the VP.	2	K3	8
	b).) Draw the projections of a 75mm long straight line in the following positions: (i) parallel to and 30mm above the HP and in the VP; (ii) perpendicular to the VP, 25mm above the HP and its one end in the VP; (iii) Inclined at 30 ⁰ to the HP and its one end 20mm above it, parallel to and 30mm in front of the VP.	2	K3	7
		OR			
4.		A line AB, of 80 mm long has its end A, 15 mm in front of VP and 20 mm above HP. The other end B is 40 mm above HP and 50 mm in front of VP. Draw the projections of the line and determine the inclinations of the line with HP and VP.	2	K3	15
					15
		UNIT-III			
5.		Draw a rhombus of diagonals 100 mm and 60 mm long, with the longer diagonal horizontal. The figure is the top view of a square of 100mm long diagonals, with a corner on the ground. Draw its front view and determine the angle which its surface makes with the ground.	3	K3	15

		OR			15
6.		A semicircular plate of 40mm diameter has its straight edge in the VP and inclined at 45° to the HP, the surface of the plate makes an angle of 30° with the VP. Draw its projections.	3	K3	15
		UNIT-IV			
7.		A hexagonal pyramid, base 25mm side and axis 50mm long, has an edge of its base on the ground. Its axis is inclined at 30° to the ground and parallel to the VP. Draw its projections.	4	K3	15
		OR			
8.		Draw the projections of a cylinder 75mm diameter and 100mm long, lying on the ground with its axis inclined at 30° to the VP and parallel to the ground.	4	K3	15
					15
		UNIT-V			
9.		A square pyramid with base side 40mm and height 60mm is resting on a cube of sides 50mm, the axes of the cube and the pyramid being in the same line. Two sides of the base of the pyramid are parallel to the edges of the cube. Draw the isometric view.	5	K3	15
		OR			
10.		Draw (i) Front View (ii) Top View (iii) Side View of the object shown below: 	6	K3	15
		All the dimensions are in mm			

[B19 BS 1201]
SAGI RAMA KRISHNAM RAJU ENGINEERING COLLEGE (A)
I B. Tech II Semester (R19) Regular Examinations
MATHEMATICS – II
(Common to CE, EEE & ME)
MODEL QUESTION PAPER

TIME : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 75 M

Answer **ONE Question** from **EACH UNIT**
 All questions carry equal marks

UNIT-I		CO	KL	M														
1.a)	Using Newton's forward difference interpolation formula find Y (3), from the following table	CO3	K2	8														
	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">X</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">0</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">5</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">10</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">15</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">20</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">25</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Y</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">7</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">11</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">14</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">18</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">24</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">32</td> </tr> </table>				X	0	5	10	15	20	25	Y	7	11	14	18	24	32
X	0				5	10	15	20	25									
Y	7	11	14	18	24	32												
b)	Find the interpolating polynomial f(x) for the data of the following table	CO3	K1	7														
	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">x</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">0</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">1</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">4</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">5</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">f(x)</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">4</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">3</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">24</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">39</td> </tr> </table>				x	0	1	4	5	f(x)	4	3	24	39				
x	0	1	4	5														
f(x)	4	3	24	39														
(OR)																		
2. a)	Using Gauss backward formula, find f(42), from the following table	CO4	K2	8														
	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">X</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">20</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">25</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">30</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">35</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">40</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">45</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">f(x)</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">354</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">332</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">291</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">260</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">231</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">204</td> </tr> </table>				X	20	25	30	35	40	45	f(x)	354	332	291	260	231	204
X	20	25	30	35	40	45												
f(x)	354	332	291	260	231	204												
b)	Using Lagrange's interpolation formula find Y (10) from the following table	CO4	K3	7														
	<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">x</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">5</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">6</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">9</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">11</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Y</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">12</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">13</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">14</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">16</td> </tr> </table>				x	5	6	9	11	Y	12	13	14	16				
x	5	6	9	11														
Y	12	13	14	16														
UNIT-II																		
3.a)	Find the cube root of 41 using Newton-Raphson method.	CO5	K2	8														
b)	Evaluate $\int_0^2 \frac{dx}{x^3+x+1}$ by using Simpsons 1/3 rd rule with $h = 0.25$	CO5	K2	7														
(OR)																		
4. a)	Find a real root of the equation $x \log_{10} x = 1.2$ by Regula-false method correct to three decimal places	CO5	K2	8														
b)	Evaluate $y(0.8)$ using Runge Kutta method given $y' = (x + y)^{\frac{1}{2}}, y(0.4) = 0.41$	CO5	K3	7														
UNIT-III																		
5.a)	If $U = \tan^{-1} \frac{x^3+y^3}{x-y}$ and $x U_x + y U_y = \sin 2U$, prove that $x^2 U_{xx} + 2xy U_{xy} + y^2 U_{yy} = 2 \cos 3U \sin U$.	CO1	K2	8														

b)	If $u = x^2 - 2y^2$, $v = 2x^2 - y^2$ where $x = r \cos \theta$, $y = r \sin \theta$ then show that $\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(r,\theta)} = 6r^3 \sin 2\theta$.	CO1	K2	7
(OR)				
6. a)	Expand $x^2y + 3y - 2$ in powers of $(x - 1)$ and $(y + 2)$ using Taylor's theorem.	CO1	K2	8
b)	By using the method of differentiation under the integral sign prove that $\int_0^\infty \frac{\tan^{-1}(ax)}{x(1+x^2)} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} \log(1+a)$, $a \geq 0$.	CO1	K3	7
UNIT-IV				
7. a)	Solve $x^2(y-z)p + y^2(z-x)q = z^2(x-y)$.	CO2	K2	8
b)	solve $(D^2 - DD' - 2D'^2)z = (y-1)e^x$.	CO2	K2	7
(OR)				
8. a)	Solve $x(y-z)p + y(z-x)q = z(x-y)$.	CO2	K2	8
b)	solve $(D + D' - 1)(D + 2D' - 3)z = 3x + 6y + 4$.	CO2	K2	7
UNIT-V				
9.a)	Obtain the solution of $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0$ by the method of separation of variables.	CO6	K2	8
b)	A tightly stretched elastic string of length L, fixed at its end points is initially in a position given by $u(x, 0) = u_0 \sin^3 \frac{\pi x}{L}$. If it is released from rest, find the displacement at any subsequent time.	CO6	K3	7
(OR)				
10.a)	Obtain the solution of $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0$ by the method of separation of variables.	CO6	K2	8
b)	A bar of conducting material of length π units is initially kept at a temperature $\sin x$. Find the temperature at any subsequent time if the ends of the bar are held at zero temperature.	CO6	K3	7

[B19 BS 1202]
SAGI RAMA KRISHNAM RAJU ENGINEERING COLLEGE(A)
I B. Tech II Semester (R19) Regular Examinations
MATHEMATICS – III
(Common to CE,CSE,ECE,EEE & IT)
MODEL QUESTION PAPER

TIME : 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks : 75 M

Answer **ONE Question** from **EACH UNIT**

All questions carry equal marks

	UNIT-I	CO	KL	Marks
1.a)	Find the Fourier series for the function $f(t) = \begin{cases} -1, & -\pi < t < -\pi/2 \\ 0, & -\pi/2 < t < \pi/2 \\ 1, & \pi/2 < t < \pi \end{cases}$	CO1	K2	7
b)	Obtain Fourier series of the function $f(x) = 2x - x^2$ in $(0, 3)$ and hence deduce that $\frac{1}{1^2} - \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} - \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi}{12}$	CO1	K2	8
(OR)				
2. a)	Obtain a Fourier series for the function $f(x)$ given by $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 + \frac{2x}{\pi}, & \text{if } -\pi \leq x \leq 0 \\ 1 - \frac{2x}{\pi}, & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq \pi \end{cases}$ and deduce that $\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{8}$	CO1	K2	8
b)	Find the Half – Range cosine series for the function $f(x) = x^2$ in the range $0 \leq x \leq \pi$	CO1	K3	7
UNIT-II				
3.a)	Using the Fourier Sine Transform of e^{-ax} ($a > 0$), evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x \sin kx}{a^2 + x^2} dx$	CO2	K3	7
b)	Using Fourier integral representation, show that $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\omega \sin \omega x}{1 + \omega^2} d\omega = \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-x}, x > 0$	CO2	K3	8
(OR)				
4. a)	Find the inverse Fourier sine transform $f(x)$ of $F_s(p) = \frac{p}{1+p^2}$	CO2	K2	8
b)	Using Parseval's Identity, prove that $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{(1+x^2)^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{4}$	CO2	K3	7

UNIT-III				
5.a)	Express $\int_0^{\infty} \sqrt{x} e^{-x^3} dx$ in terms of gamma function.	CO3	K2	7
b)	Express $\int_0^1 x^m (1-x^n)^p dx$ in terms of Gamma functions and hence evaluate $\int_0^1 x^7 (1-x^5)^8 dx$	CO3	K2	8
(OR)				
6. a)	Apply change the order of integration and evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \int_x^{\infty} \frac{e^{-y}}{y} dy dx$.	CO3	K3	8
b)	Obtain the volume of the tetrahedron bounded by $x = 0, y = 0, z = 0, x+y+z = 1$.	CO3	K3	7
UNIT-IV				
7.a)	Obtain the directional derivative of $\phi = xy + yz + zx$ at A in the direction of AB where $A = (1,2,-1), B = (5,6,8)$.	CO4	K2	8
b)	Determine curl (curl F) where $\vec{F} = x^2 y \vec{i} - 2xz \vec{j} + 2yz \vec{k}$	CO4	K2	7
(OR)				
8. a)	Show that the vector $(x^2 - yz)\vec{i} + (y^2 - zx)\vec{j} + (z^2 - xy)\vec{k}$ Is irrotational and find its scalar potential.	CO4	K2	8
b)	Determine the values of a and b such that the surface $ax^2 - byz = (a+2)x$ and $4x^2y + z^3 = 4$ cut orthogonally at $(1,-1,2)$.	CO4	K2	7
UNIT-V				
9.a)	Determine the work done in moving a particle once round the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 9$ in the xy- plane by the force $\vec{F} = (2x - y - z)\vec{i} + (x + y - z^2)\vec{j} + (3x - 2y + 4z)\vec{k}$.	CO5	K2	7
b)	Evaluate the line integral by Stokes's theorem for the vector function $\vec{F} = y^2 \vec{i} + x^2 \vec{j} + (z+x)\vec{k}$ and C is the triangle with vertices $(0,0,0), (1,0,0)$ and $(1,1,0)$.	CO6	K3	8
(OR)				
10	Verify Green's theorem in the plane $\int_C [(3x^2 - 8y^2)dx + (4y - 6xy)dy]$, where C is boundary of the region defined by $y = \sqrt{x}, y = x^2$	CO6	K3	15

[B19BS1205]
SAGI RAMA KRISHNAM RAJU ENGINEERING COLLEGE (A)
I B.Tech II Semester (R19) Regular Examinations.
APPLIED CHEMISTRY
(Electrical & Electronics Engineering)
MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Time : 3Hrs

Max. Marks :75 M

Answer **ONE Question** from **EACH UNIT.**

All questions carry equal marks.

			CO	KL	M
UNIT - I					
1.	a).	Explain the mechanism of free radical Polymerization reaction with a suitable example.	1	2	8
	b).	Distinguish between thermoplastic and thermosetting resins.	1	4	7
OR					
2.	a).	What are conducting Polymers? Discuss the applications of conducting Polymers.	1	1	8
	b).	Write notes on Bu Na – S and Bu Na – N.	1	1	7
UNIT - II					
3.	a).	Explain the Proximate analysis of coal and give its significance.	2	2	8
	b).	Explain Photovoltaic cell with neat diagram.	2	1	7
OR					
4.	a).	Explain the fractional distillation of crude oil.	2	1	8
	b).	How synthetic Petrol can be prepared by Berguis Process.	2	1	7
UNIT - III					
5.	a).	Explain the mechanism of electrochemical theory of corrosion with neat diagram.	3	1	8
	b).	Describe briefly about cathodic Protection.	3	2	7
OR					
6.	a).	Explain Hydrogen – Oxygen fuel cell with neat cell diagram	3	1	8
	b).	Discuss on various constituents of Paint.	3	2	7
UNIT - IV					
7.	a).	What is hardness? How it is determined by EDTA method? Explain.	4	1	8
	b).	Describe with equations how water can be softened using Lime & Soda Process	4	1	7
OR					
8.	a).	Discuss various sterilizing methods used in municipal water treatment.	4	2	8
	b).	Illustrate the reverse osmosis Process with a neat diagram.	4	2	7
UNIT - V					
9.	a).	Discuss chemistry involved in setting and hardening of cement?	5	2	8
	b).	What are refractories? Discuss the classification of refractories.	5	1	7
OR					
10.	a).	Write the engineering applications of Liquid Crystals.	5	1	8
	b).	Explain the stoichiometric defects in crystals.	5	2	7

[B19CS1103]
SAGI RAMA KRISHNAM RAJU ENGINEERING COLLEGE (A)
I B.Tech I Semester (R19) Regular Examinations.
FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTERS
(Electrical & Electronics Engineering)
MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Time : 3Hrs

Max. Marks :75 M

Answer **ONE Question** from **EACH UNIT**.

All questions carry equal marks.

			CO	KL	M
UNIT - I					
1.	a).	Explain about History of Computers.	C1	K2	8
	b).	Write about, Assembly, high-level Languages	C1	K2	7
OR					
2.	a).	Draw the block diagram of digital computer.	C1	K2	8
	b).	Explain about types of Computers.	C1	K2	7
UNIT - II					
3.	a).	Convert $111101_{(2)}$ to Octal number	C2	K2	8
	b).	Explain about Fixed point addition.	C2	K2	7
OR					
4.	a).	Explain about structure of a C program	C2	K2	8
	b).	Explain about Fixed point subtraction	C2	K2	7
UNIT - III					
5.	a).	Write about Types of Printers and it's working.	C3	K1	8
	b).	Compare Dynamic and static memories.	C3	K3	7
OR					
6.	a).	Write about Types of Computer Memories-magnetic?	C3	K1	8
	b).	Write about I/O Port.	C3	K3	7
UNIT - IV					
7.	a).	Write about Computer instruction formats.	C4	K1	8
	b).	Explain about Instruction cycle.	C4	K3	7
OR					
8.	a).	Explain about ALU and Control unit.	C4	K2	8
	b).	What About Memory Reference Instructions?	C4	K1	7
UNIT - V					
9.	a).	Write about Various applications of Computer.	C5	K2	8
	b).	Explain about Internet.	C5	K3	7
OR					
10.	a).	Explain about the Types of networks.	C5	K2	8
	b).	Write about IOT) applications to electrical engineering.	C5	K3	7

[B19CS1201]
SAGI RAMA KRISHNAM RAJU ENGINEERING COLLEGE (A)
I B.Tech II Semester (R19) Regular Examinations.
PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING USING C
(Common to CE,EEE & ME)
MODEL QUESTION PAPER

Time : 3Hrs

Max. Marks :75 M

Answer **ONE Question** from **EACH UNIT.**

All questions carry equal marks.

			CO	KL	M
UNIT - I					
1.	a).	Describe various types of computer languages	CO1	K2	8M
	b).	Explain various types of Number systems?	CO1	K2	7M
OR					
2.	a).	Explain various data types in C Language	CO1	K2	8M
	b).	Define an operator? Describe Increment and decrement operator with an example	CO1	K1	7M
UNIT - II					
3.	a).	Explain various types of Bitwise Operators with examples	CO2	K2	8M
	b).	Differentiate between if statement and if-else statement with suitable examples and proper syntax	CO2	K2	7M
OR					
4.	a).	Write a program whether given number is Armstrong number or not	CO2	K3	8M
	b).	Differentiate break and continue statement with an example	CO2	K2	7M
UNIT - III					
5.	a).	How to declare, initialize and reading of one dimensional array with an example	CO3	K1	8M
	b).	Explain various string manipulation functions	CO3	K2	7M
OR					
6.	a).	Write a C program for multiplication of two matrices	CO3	K3	8M
	b).	Define a structure? How to declare ,initialize , accessing of structure elements with example	CO3	K1	7M
UNIT - IV					
7.	a).	Define a pointer? explain pointer arithmetic	CO4	K2	8M
	b).	Explain Dynamic Memory Allocation	CO4	K2	7M
OR					
8.	a).	Explain array of pointers with an example	CO4	K2	8M
	b).	Outline C Pre-processor and write various pre-processor commands	CO4	K2	7M
UNIT - V					
9.	a).	Define a function? Explain various categories of functions	CO5	K2	8M
	b).	Explain with an example passing array as an argument to a function	CO5	K2	7M
OR					
10.	a).	Define a recursive function? Write a program for GCD of two numbers using recursion	CO5	K3	8M
	b).	Explain various types of file functions?	CO5	K2	7M

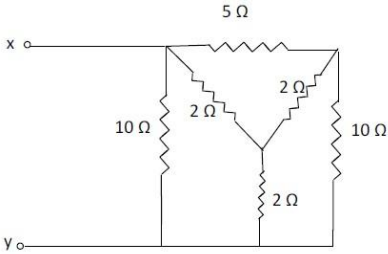
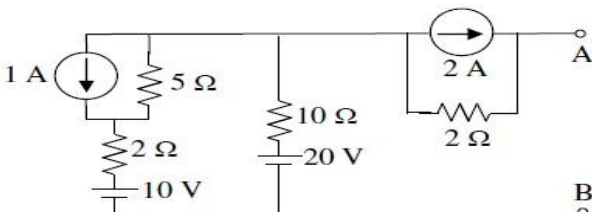
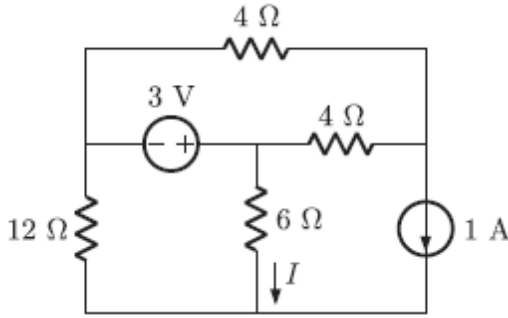
[B19EE1201]
SAGI RAMA KRISHNAM RAJU ENGINEERING COLLEGE (A)
I B. Tech II Semester (R19) Regular Examinations
CIRCUIT THEORY
(Electrical & Electronics Engineering)
MODEL QUESTION PAPER

TIME: 3Hrs.

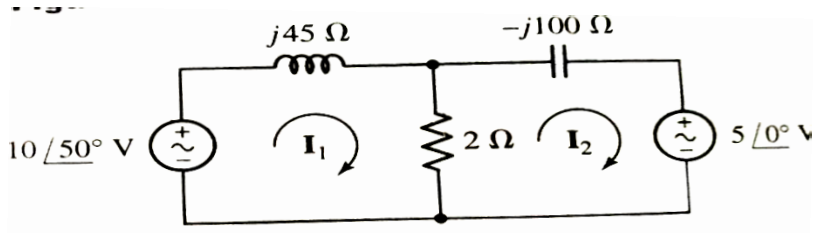
Max. Marks: 75 M

Answer **ONE Question** from **EACH UNIT**.

All questions carry equal marks.

			CO	KL	M
UNIT-I					
1.	a).	<p>Simplify the given network by using Y-Δ transformation and obtain equivalent resistance across X-Y terminals.</p> 	CO1	K4	8
	b).	<p>Obtain the single equivalent source network across the terminals A-B make use of source transformation technique.</p> 	CO1	K3	7
OR					
2.	a).	<p>In the circuit given below, determine the current I (in Amp) through 6Ω resistor using nodal analysis.</p> 	CO1	K3	8

	b).	Determine the current through 4Ω resistor using mesh analysis in the circuit shown below.	CO1	K3	7
UNIT-II					
3.	a).	Explain Faraday's Law of Electromagnetic Induction	CO2	K2	8
	b).	For the magnetic circuit shown calculate the exciting current required to establish a flux of 2 mWb in the air-gap and relative permeability of the core is 2000. Neglecting fringing and leakage flux	CO2	K4	7
OR					
4.	a).	Write about the Analogy between Magnetic Circuit and Electrical Circuit	CO2	K2	8
	b).	For the following Circuit find V_1 and V_2 , if $L_1=0.4H$, $L_2=2.5H$ coefficient of coupling $K=0.6$ and $i_1=4i_2=20\cos(500t-200)Ma$	CO2	K4	7
UNIT-III					
5.	a).	define the following: i) Amplitude of an alternating quantity ii) Instantaneous value of an alternating quantity iii) Frequency iv) RMS value	CO3	K1	8

	b).	Two impedances, $(1+j1)\text{ohm}$ and $(1-j1)\text{ohm}$ are connected in parallel across a 10V source. Find the power supplied by the source.	CO3	K4	7
		OR			
6.	a).	An impedance of $(3+j5)$ is connected across a 10V, 50Hz source. Find (i) power factor (ii) real and reactive power (iii) current drawn by the impedance.	CO3	K1	8
	b).	A R-L series circuit draws a current of 1A when connected across a 10V, 50Hz AC. supply. Assuming the resistance to be 5 ohms, find the inductance of the circuit. What is its power factor?	CO3	K1	7
		UNIT-IV			
7.	a).	Define Quality factor, Band width with respect to parallel RLC circuit and draw the characteristics of parallel RLC circuit at resonance.	CO4	K1	8
	b).	For the following circuit compute average power delivered to each of the passive elements. 	CO4	K4	7
		OR			
8.	a).	For the following circuit plot locus of the current, mark the range current for maximum and minimum values of R and maximum power consumed by circuit. Assume $X_L = 25 \text{ Ohm}$.The voltage is 200V,50Hz.	CO4	K4	8
	b).	A series RLC circuit with $R=10 \text{ Ohm}$, $L=0.1 \text{ H}$ and $C=50 \text{ } \mu\text{F}$ has an applied voltage $V=50\angle 0$ with a variable frequency .Find the resonant frequency, the value of frequency at which maximum voltage occurs across the inductor and the value of frequency at which maximum voltage occurs across the capacitor.	CO4	K4	7

UNIT-V						
9.	a).	Find current I in the given circuit making use of super position theorem.	CO5	K3	8	
		b).	Determine the value of R to have a maximum power transfer in the circuit shown below. Also obtain the amount of maximum power.	CO5	K3	7
OR						
10.	a).	Determine thevenin's equivalent circuit across a-b terminals	CO5	K3	8	
		b).	Determine the maximum power delivered to the load in the circuit shown in below fig.	CO5	K2	7